

Indian Statistical Institute, Bangalore

B.Math (Hons.) III Year / M.Math II Year, Second Semester

Semestral Examination

Combinatorics and Graph Theory

Time: 3 hours

May 04, 2011

Instructor: B.Bagchi

Maximum marks: 100

1. Decide whether there is a strongly regular graph with parameters (i) $(9, 4, 2, 1)$ and (ii) $(9, 4, 1, 2)$. [5+5 =10]
2. Let G be a finite graph of diameter d and girth $2d + 1$.
 - a) Let x, y be two vertices of G at distance d and let P be a path of length d joining x and y . For any neighbour x' of x which is not on P , show that there is a unique neighbour y' of y such that y' is not on P and such that x' and y' are at distance d .
 - b) If C is a $(2d + 1)$ - cycle in G then use part (a) to prove that all the vertices of C have the same degree in G . [10+10 =20]
3. Let q be a prime power.
 - a) Sketch a proof of the existence and uniqueness of the field \mathbb{F}_q of order q .
 - b) If $q \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$ and \mathbb{F}_q^0 is the subgroup of index 2 in \mathbb{F}_q^* , then show that $x + \mathbb{F}_q^0, x \in \mathbb{F}_q$, are the blocks of a 2- design, and compute its parameters. [10+10 =20]
4. a) Let B be a collection of k - subsets of a v - set such that any two distinct members of B have at most $t - 1$ elements in common ($0 < t < k < v$). Then show that $\#(B) \leq \binom{v}{t} / \binom{k}{t}$.
 - b) If equality holds in (a) then show that $\binom{k-s}{t-s}$ divides $\binom{v-s}{t-s}$ for all $s, 0 \leq s < t$. [8+12 = 20]
5. a) For any positive integer n , let Ω_n be the set of real matrices of order $n \times n$ all whose entries are in the interval $[-1, 1]$. Let $a_n = \max \{ \det(A); A \in \Omega_n \}$. Then show that there is an $n \times n$ matrix H such that all entries of H are ± 1 and $\det(H) = a_n$.
 - b) An $n \times n$ complex matrix H is called a complex Hadamard matrix if all the entries of H have modulus = 1 and $HH^* = nI = H^*H$. Construct a 3×3 complex Hadamard matrix. [20+10=30]